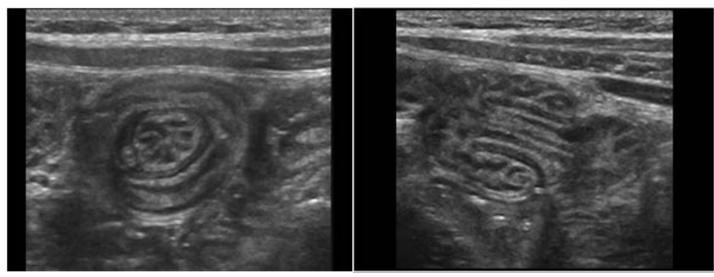
## INTUSSUSCEPTION ULTRASOUND

Patient Name DOB Date \_\_\_\_\_ Tech \_\_\_\_ **MRN** History: Patient age: \_\_\_\_ Gender: M / F Indication: ☐ Vomiting ☐ Bloody Stool ☐ Fever ☐ Palpable Abdomen Mass □ Other \_\_\_\_ Location: Ultrasound Findings: RUQ ☐ LUQ Size: \_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_ cm ☐ RT MID ABD ☐ LT MID ABD □ LLQ ☐ RLQ Blood flow noted: YES or NO ☐ PELVIS ☐ MIDLINE Comments:



- 1. Intussusception occurs when bowel prolapses into more distal bowel.
- 2. Some symptoms patients may present with are colicky abdomen pain, vomiting and bloody stool.
- 3. A palpable abdominal mass may be noted.
- 4. In longitudinal, the mass will appear with an echogenic center with hypoechoic layers on each side.
- 5. In longitudinal, intussusception can have the appearance of a pseudokidney or sandwich sign.
- 6. In transverse, the mass will appear as alternating hypoechoic and hyperechoic rings (target sign)